

The Daily Gazette
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY
HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,
IN LARPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:
SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
CHAS. HOLT, HENRY BOWEN, DANIEL WILCOX.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
Two lines close matter, or its equivalent in space, constitute a space.
1 square 1 day, \$1.00
do do 1 week, 5.00
do do 2 weeks, 9.00
do do 1 month, 12.00
do do 2 months, 22.00
do do 3 months, 32.00
do do 4 months, 42.00
do do 5 months, 52.00
do do 6 months, 62.00
do do 7 months, 72.00
do do 8 months, 82.00
do do 9 months, 92.00
do do 10 months, 102.00
do do 11 months, 112.00
do do 12 months, 122.00
30 lines 1 day, \$1.50
do do 1 week, 7.50
do do 2 weeks, 13.50
do do 1 month, 20.00
do do 2 months, 38.00
do do 3 months, 56.00
do do 4 months, 74.00
do do 5 months, 92.00
do do 6 months, 110.00
do do 7 months, 128.00
do do 8 months, 146.00
do do 9 months, 164.00
do do 10 months, 182.00
do do 11 months, 200.00
do do 12 months, 218.00

Carriage in "Business Directory," \$1.50 per year, each for 3 lines; \$1.00 per year for additional lines. Special Notice (local and foreign) for advertising, having precedence of ordinary advertisements, 50 per cent advance on ordinary rates.
Notice of Meetings, Charitable Societies, Fire Companies, etc., half price.
Advertisements not accompanied with directions will be inserted in full, and charged for accordingly.
All Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance. This rule will not be varied from.
Advertising in this Office is strictly for cash.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BOAL NEWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Groceries, 210 North Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

S. F. COLE, M. D.
Homeopathic and Surgeon. Office at Boal's East Store, Residence, five doors north of the Baptist Church.

L. J. HARKINS,
Physician and Surgeon, office and residence corner of Academy and Third Streets.

M. B. JOHNSON,
U. S. Atty. Office in Jackson & Smith's block, over the Rock County Bank, Janesville, Wis. ap21dawit

KNOW LUTON & JACKSON,
Carriage and Harness Makers, 100 North Main Street, Janesville, Wis. ap21dawit

J. H. WILSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office under Central Bank, Janesville, Wis. ap21dawit

JOHN R. GAGE,
Attorney at Law, Office in Smith's block, west end of the bridge, Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis. ap21

J. M. MAY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office in May's block opposite Myers House, corner Main and Milwaukee streets. ap21dawit

W. O. F.
Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14, meets in Lappin's Block, on Wednesday evening of each week. J. A. FROHAM, N. G.

WILLARD MERRILL,
Attorney at Law and United States Court Commissioner. Office Lappin's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin. ap21dawit

EDMOND & PEASE,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Office in Myers block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis. J. R. PEASE, ap21dawit

MERRILL & CONSTOCK,
Attorneys at Law, Office, Lappin's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin. ap21dawit

WILLARD MERRILL,
Attorney at Law, Office, Lappin's Block, Janesville, Wisconsin. ap21dawit

G. W. CHITTENDEN, M. D.,
Homeopathic and Surgeon. Office and residence, Academy St., a few rods northwest Milwaukee Street depot. ap21dawit

RANDOLPH A. HUDSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wisconsin. ap21dawit

M. A. PATTERSON,
Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace, Janesville, Wis. Office on Main Street, nearly opposite the American Express Office. ap21dawit

BENNETT, CASSIDAY & GIBBS,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Office, Lappin's block, Janesville, Wis., will furnish Abstracts of Title and Loan Money. ap21dawit

NEW YORK CASH STORE,
Smith & Brevint, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Crockery, Glassware, Books and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Bonnets, Ready-made Clothing and every kind of Merchandise at the very lowest cash prices. ap21

The Rochester BOOT & SHOE STORE!

W. A. REYNOLDS.

PREPARE TO TRAVEL
of leather boots, shoes, rubbers, etc., to the cheap and reliable of the Rochester Boot & Shoe Store.

No. 4, Jackson & Smith's Block,
Next Door to the Rock Co. Bank. ap21dawit

Another Large Arrival
of
Crockery & Glassware
at
WHEELLOCK'S.
JUST received, the best stock of White Granite and all kinds of Crockery ever brought to this town. These wares, lots of one or two hundred dollars, to retail, will do well to look before going to Chicago or Milwaukee, and home keepers and hotelkeepers who wish full sets or part of sets should call on
WHEELLOCK'S.
Also, a large and assortment of various kinds of
HOUSE KEEPING GOODS!
The best stock of Table Glass Ware in the West. Plates, Ware, Tea, Coffee, Tea Trays of all sizes, etc. Janesville, June 18th. ap21dawit

Lamps at Wheellock's.
RECEIVED this day, a large assortment of Lamps, Oil, Gas, and Electric, and will be sold low. Some entirely new and very pretty patterns. Large assortment of all kinds of
LAMP GOODS,
Crystal Chimneys, Burners to suit separate, Wicks, Brackets, Globes, Shades, Brackets and Hangers, sockets for holding Kerosene Lamps, New Lamps to burn without chimneys, Hall Lamps. Also the best assortment of
CROCKERY
ever brought to this town. Plain and Gold Band China, Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Glass Ware, Brackets, etc. Janesville, October 17, 1863. ap21dawit

Another Large Invoice of PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS!
JUST received at the Janesville Import Export Co., corner store. Some beautiful styles. ap21dawit

Magie Currency Pocket-Books!
To hold your UNCLE SAMUEL'S Postage Currency, Every man, woman and child will find it useful. (Janesville) SALLMAN & COLLINS.

Gilt and Rosewood Frames.
A large arrival just received at SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE. ap21dawit

CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS.
From the Agency of C. H. Scriven.

FAIRBANKS STANDARD SALES
OF ALL KINDS.
WAREHOUSE TRUCKS, LETTER PRESSERS, &c.
FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.
For sale in Janesville by R. J. RICHARDSON.
Be careful to buy only the Genuine, or you will be disappointed.

Call at the Store of RICE, CAUL & RICE
and see the best assortment of
HOOP SKIRTS
TO BE FOUND IN THE WEST.
We have just received, direct from the manufacturers a large invoice of skirts and now offer the following styles to Ladies at the lowest prices:
BRADLEY'S INIMITABLE CLASPED.
DO DIAMOND TIE.
DO SUTELTON & OSBORN'S GORE TRAIL TIE.
DO BRIDAL DO.
DO QUAKER DO.
DO WIDE TAPE DO.
We have also the BEST and LARGEST assortment of
YOUNG LADIES, MISSES, AND CHILDREN'S SKIRTS
to be found in the city. ap21dawit

MORE NEW GOODS! CHEAPER GOODS.
Just received at
Sutherland's Bookstore!
consisting of splendid new styles of Wall Papers, Tassels and Curtains Cord. Also, **PORTFOLIOS OF ALL SIZES. Bankers & Lawyers Cases, POCKET BOOKS, WAITERS and PORTFOLIOS, Miscellaneous and Toy Books, Etc.** Sutherland's Bookstore is the **PLACE TO GET GOOD AND CHEAP GOODS!** March 6th, 1863. ap21dawit

WALL PAPERS!
A NOTRE NEW supply of Spring Wall Papers, embracing a large variety of
Beautiful Patterns,
just received and for sale cheap at
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.
P. S.—Remember that Sutherland has a larger stock of papers than all other stores in the city combined. March 21st, 1863. ap21dawit

WALL AND CURTAIN PAPERS.
THE best arrival of the season just received at
SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.
Gray Papers, Buff Papers, White Papers, Colored Papers, Grained Papers, etc. Also, a large stock of Wall Papers, together with a splendid assortment of
PAPER SHADES.
N. B.—The fact that I am selling more paper than all other stores in the city is evidence that Sutherland's Bookstore is **THE PLACE** to purchase Paper Hangings. ap21dawit

REMEMBER
that the only Wholesale and Retail
Book and Paper House
in Janesville, is located in the
Corner of Jackson & Smith's New Block.
Go there if you would
Buy Cheap.
O. J. DEARBORN.
mr21dawit

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.
RECEIVED this day, direct from the manufacturer, a large, another very large invoice of elegant
Wall Papers and Borders,
all of which were bought previous to the advance in paper goods, and which we will
Sell Cheaper
than any other house in the city. O. J. DEARBORN, at the Corner Block, Janesville, April 27th, 1863. ap21dawit

WANTED!
A GOOD Wood Worker, immediately. Apply at O. W. Munell's Carriage Manufactory. A good assortment of Carriages constantly on hand and for sale at
MUNSELL'S.
Residing close on short notice at
MUNSELL'S.

The American Encyclopedia,
COMPLETE in 10 volumes, 8vo shape, at the Old Price, \$4.50 per vol. and will be sold low. ap21dawit

RECEIVED THIS DAY,
SOME heavy Brown Paper, which will sell by the yard, manufactured expressly for putting under carpets. ap21dawit

ROCK COUNTY BANK,
Janesville, Wisconsin.
Directors: T. JACKMAN, J. W. H. CROSBY, M. B. FITZ, S. W. SMITH, S. G. BAILEY, JESSE MILES.
Particular attention paid to collections. Sight drafts on the principal cities of the United States and Great Britain. Will purchase Notes, Drafts, Certificates of Deposits, and buy and sell Gold and Silver at current rates. JIMOTHY JACKMAN, President. R. GOSSET, Cashier. ap21dawit

NEW LEATHER STORE
ON MAIN STREET SIX DOORS SOUTH OF MILWAUKEE STREET.
I have just received a large and well assorted stock of
LEATHER.
FROM THE BEST
Eastern and European Tanneries
ALSO
FINDINGS
Of all descriptions, and shall keep constantly on hand a large and full assortment of the
Best Stock in the Market.
Call and examine my Stock and Prices.
J. C. BAILEY. ap21dawit

BOOKS! BOOKS!!
A large and enthusiastic supply of
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
embracing
Standard, Historical, Scientific
and
Juvenile Books,
together with a choice variety of
NEW PUBLICATIONS!
at the
Regular Literary Emporium.
J. RUTHERLAND.
A large portion of the above Goods, this day delivered by Express, consisting of all street of Ladies and Gents. SMITH & BOSTWICK. January 21st, 1863. ap21dawit

GENERAL ORDER No. 1
TO THE PEOPLE OF WISCONSIN!

The best bought, best selected, best assorted and most extensive stock of
DRY GOODS
ever offered in Janesville, is now open to
PUBLIC INSPECTION
at the
Great Mart of McKee & Bro.

WE have taken advantage of the recent unparalleled fall in the price of goods, McKee having received almost exclusively in New York for the past three months, was on hand and
BOUGHT LARGELY
of first class importers, who, under the influence of the panic,
at 50 cents on the dollar of the prices ruling one week previous. The public is aware that the cause of the great advance in the price of Imported Goods was the enormous premium on gold, to buy exchange and pay duties; that having declined from 74 to 38 1/2 per cent, or about 50 per cent on former rates, and we have been on the spot when it took place, went in for
Files of Goods.
the purchase of one of which would enable you to enter the possession of many of the so-called Merchants' Ware, Hurrish and Clap their hands before the public. But we believe that sensible advertisements are played out, and that it is scarcely necessary to inform the public that those who are compelled to buy goods in small lots, and live as it were from hand to mouth cannot afford to neglect this opportunity.

COMPETE WITH US!
In proof of which we offer the following:
200 yds full width New York 3/4 Sheetings, 30c per yd.
200 yds full width New York 3/4 Sheetings, 30c per yd.
600 yds Spring Delaines, 30c per yd.
600 yds Spring Delaines, 30c per yd.
300 yds Spring Delaines, 30c per yd.
300 yds Spring Delaines, 30c per yd.
250 yds Fine French Organdies at 25c per yd.

These were bought under peculiar circumstances, the same quality having been sold at wholesale last week in New York at 40c per yd. None of the above will be sold to neighboring speculators; our legitimate trade alone supplied.

Our purchases of nearly a year ago were so enormous that we still offer our justly celebrated and superior
HOOP SKIRTS
at old prices. Our stock of
Hosiery, Gloves & Embroideries
will be found the largest and most comprehensive in the West. Ladies will here find a full line of hand made Tatting, all widths, Colored to La Eugene, for dress Imperials, linen Collars, plain and with ruffles, embroidered, colored and mourning trimmings.

IN CLOAKING AND SACKINGS
We shall exhibit 100 pieces Midway and Washington silk wool, in full widths, plain and mixed. Our stock of all wool, silk warp and don't cut.

FLANNELS
for spring and summer wear is full and well assorted.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
We have on the stand and will shortly receive Five Hundred of the most fashionable for spring wear.

BLACK SILKS,
New Brown Black Silks, (to be had only of us) also English Crows, Sunblinds and Biscuit do. We close out from one of the best importers in New York, 500 pieces heavy

GERMAN REPPS,
worth 50c per yard, which to those who buy to keep over, or for immediate wear, we offer as a drive to 25c per yard.

SHAKER HOODES,
white and colored, all sizes. Riches, black, white and magenta; new style frames; crown lining; cape lace; fine French flowers, rose buds, &c., &c. The usual liberal inducements to the trade.

OUR CLOTHING STORE
is heavily stocked with all the new and desirable styles of
GENT'S CLOTHING.
We have also a well selected line of Harris, Woodcock and other well known brands of
Fancy Cassimores,
which if desired, we shall
MAKE UP TO ORDER
in the first style of fashion.

In conclusion, we cordially invite the public, for its own satisfaction, to examine every stock in the city before looking at ours. But we would also caution every purchaser not to invest one dime in Dry Goods before calling at this

GREAT MART,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SHEEP,
where they can obtain
Twenty-Five per Cent More
for their money than at any other store.

N. B.—The highest price paid for fine gold and American gold and silver coin and demand notes. North-western Railroad stock wanted. Passage certificates to and from Great Britain, Ireland and the continent of Europe, for sale. Also sight drafts for one pound and upwards, for which we hold ourselves individually liable. Janesville, April 1st, 1863. ap21dawit

TO THE PEOPLE OF WISCONSIN!

The New York riot.

From the N. Y. World of Thursday Morning.

Yesterday was a repetition of Tuesday, only that the violence of the mob had unfortunately increased instead of being abated. The city was in a state of utter anarchy. Indiscriminate riot, pillage and murder reigned everywhere, but more especially in the upper part of the town. Citizens were robbed, chased, beaten, and sometimes murdered by the mob. No man was safe who had the appearance of wealth or easy circumstances. The result of the shooting of rioters by the military has been to divide the mob into small squads, who perambulate everywhere. Some of the mob have been armed, and fire indiscriminately up and down the streets, and sometimes at men and even women and children in the windows.

No negro is safe anywhere. Negro houses everywhere are sacked, straggling colored men murdered, and in one or two instances they have been chased off the docks. Fires were occurring throughout the city all day and last night. The military marched hither and thither, shooting into the rioters wherever they found them. Soldiers and policemen were in many cases injured, and in some cases killed. During the evening the mob increased in violence, and there was no safety anywhere. The mayor, in the afternoon, had issued a proclamation that the riot was mostly subdued. So far from this being the case, last night was distinguished by incidents by far the most fearful that have been recorded. The report that the draft was postponed was not believed by the mob. On being questioned about it, they said, "It's a d—d abolition lie." They said they were not to be deceived in that way. They asked for how long it was postponed, and they said that there must be something more certain than mere rumors before they would believe it. They say, however, that when they are assured that the draft will be definitely given up they will return peacefully to their homes. Great numbers of them are now armed. They sack and burn houses upon the slightest provocation. Hundreds of people have been killed. Battles occurred in the streets last night between the military and the mob, in which the greatest desecration was displayed on both sides.

Business was suspended all day, and no cars or stages ran in the city.

From the New York Times of Thursday.

AN ATTACK ON MR. GREELY'S BOARDING HOUSE—A GREAT AMOUNT OF PROPERTY DESTROYED.

Late on Tuesday night, the rioters visited the house of Mr. Sinclair, in Twenty-ninth street. They had been informed that this was the residence of Mr. Horace Greeley, and the threats of vengeance which were uttered were many and loud. Mr. Greeley had formerly boarded at this place, and the rioters believed the premises were his. The mob, numbering about a thousand, made a fierce attack on the building, but for a time all their efforts to force the doors were useless. Meantime a young man named Hyde mounted the front stoop and addressed the crowd. He said, "I am a good democrat, and am bitterly opposed to the draft; but I do not wish to see private property destroyed. Mr. Greeley does not reside here, and it is hard to see the private property of unoffending citizens wantonly destroyed. It is unjust to plunder and burn this residence simply because Mr. Greeley once boarded here."

The mob could not understand the justice of this speech, and young Hyde was at once seized by the leaders, hurried to the pavement and beaten by men, women and children in the most cruel and inhuman manner. Just at the time when Hyde was believed to be expiring, a man named Wilson, residing in Twenty-ninth street, aged about 60 years, was pointed out by Mr. Greeley. The cry of "Greeley!" rapidly spread through the crowd, and the man Wilson was forthwith seized, his clothes entirely torn from his person, and he was most cruelly beaten upon the head and body until he became unconscious. At this point in the tragedy, Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the victim, rushed out from a house opposite, and with uplifted hands, and a cry of voice truly pitiable to hear, she implored the mob for heaven's sake to desist and not to kill her husband. This wild appeal caused a lull among the rioters, and in the meantime three men caught up the body of Wilson and conveyed it to his residence. The crowd, finding themselves foiled in reference to Greeley at Wilson, immediately turned their attention to Hyde, whom they swore they would hang and burn if caught. In the midst of this excitement the police made their appearance and scattered the rioters, not, however, until Mr. Sinclair's house had been sacked and robbed of everything of value.

THE COMMON COUNCIL ON THE DRAFT.

The board of aldermen met specially at 11 o'clock a. m. yesterday. On calling the roll there was no quorum present. Mr. Hardy proposed a recess and the sending of the sergeant at arms after absent members. The chair (Mr. Jeremiah) ruled that a minority of a quorum could not take a recess, and not less than a quorum could compel the attendance of absent members. Delay was occasioned for a few minutes in calling the roll for absentees, on repeated demands from the members. Meanwhile a quorum was secured. Then Mr. Hardy presented a preamble, resolution and ordinance in relation to the conscription act. The purpose of all is contained in the ordinance, which appropriates \$2,500,000 to be raised by loan on certificates to be denominated "Conscription Exemption Bonds," and made payable in 1870, the money to be used to pay the commutation fee of conscripts who do not not desire to go to the war, or pay \$300 each to be paid to those who will go, and also authorize the corporation council to test the constitutionality of the conscription act. It was adopted by the vote of all present—just a majority (9). There being some doubt about the legality of its passage by this vote, it was subsequently re-adopted by a three-fourth vote (13). The only remarks made on the occasion were by Mr. Mitchell, who favored the ordinance because it put the poor man on an equality with the rich man—to go to the war or stay at home, as he pleased. He was opposed to the draft because it was unequal in its operation, but notwithstanding this feeling, he was reluctant to vote for the ordinance while the city and private rights were being outraged upon the pretense of opposition to the draft.

The board of councilmen also held a special meeting, at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The finance committee rendered a report, based upon the authority of a

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THE COMMON COUNCIL ON THE DRAFT.

The board of aldermen met specially at 11 o'clock a. m. yesterday. On calling the roll there was no quorum present. Mr. Hardy proposed a recess and the sending of the sergeant at arms after absent members. The chair (Mr. Jeremiah) ruled that a minority of a quorum could not take a recess, and not less than a quorum could compel the attendance of absent members. Delay was occasioned for a few minutes in calling the roll for absentees, on repeated demands from the members. Meanwhile a quorum was secured. Then Mr. Hardy presented a preamble, resolution and ordinance in relation to the conscription act. The purpose of all is contained in the ordinance, which appropriates \$2,500,000 to be raised by loan on certificates to be denominated "Conscription Exemption Bonds," and made payable in 1870, the money to be used to pay the commutation fee of conscripts who do not not desire to go to the war, or pay \$300 each to be paid to those who will go, and also authorize the corporation council to test the constitutionality of the conscription act. It was adopted by the vote of all present—just a majority (9). There being some doubt about the legality of its passage by this vote, it was subsequently re-adopted by a three-fourth vote (13). The only remarks made on the occasion were by Mr. Mitchell, who favored the ordinance because it put the poor man on an equality with the rich man—to go to the war or stay at home, as he pleased. He was opposed to the draft because it was unequal in its operation, but notwithstanding this feeling, he was reluctant to vote for the ordinance while the city and private rights were being outraged upon the pretense of opposition to the draft.

The board of councilmen also held a special meeting, at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The finance committee rendered a report, based upon the authority of a

DAILY GAZETTE.

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From the N. Y. World of Thursday Morning.

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No negro is safe anywhere. Negro houses everywhere are sacked, straggling colored men murdered, and in one or two instances they have been chased off the docks. Fires were occurring throughout the city all day and last night. The military marched hither and thither, shooting into the rioters wherever they found them. Soldiers and policemen were in many cases injured, and in some cases killed. During the evening the mob increased in violence, and there was no safety anywhere. The mayor, in the afternoon, had issued a proclamation that the riot was mostly subdued. So far from this being the case, last night was distinguished by incidents by far the most fearful that have been recorded. The report that the draft was postponed was not believed by the mob. On being questioned about it, they said, "It's a d—d abolition lie." They said they were not to be deceived in that way. They asked for how long it was postponed, and they said that there must be something more certain than mere rumors before they would believe it. They say, however, that when they are assured that the draft will be definitely given up they will return peacefully to their homes. Great numbers of them are now armed. They sack and burn houses upon the slightest provocation. Hundreds of people have been killed. Battles occurred in the streets last night between the military and the mob, in which the greatest desecration was displayed on both sides.

Business was suspended all day, and no cars or stages ran in the city.

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VOLUME 7.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, JULY 20, 1893.

NUMBER 113

The Daily Gazette

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

MULT. BOWEN & WILCOX,
IN LAPPING'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:
SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

CHARGES FOR ADVERTISING: 10 CENTS PER LINE PER WEEK.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
Two lines of 10 characters, or its equivalent in space, constitute a line.

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do do 1 week, 2.00
do do 2 weeks, 3.50
do do 1 month, 5.00
do do 3 months, 12.00
do do 6 months, 20.00
do do 1 year, 35.00

Orders in "Business Directory," \$1.00 per year, each for 3 lines; \$1.00 per year for each additional line.

Special Notice: (Readers and Contributors) Having precedence of ordinary advertisements, 10 per cent advance on ordinary rates.

Notice of Meetings, Charitable Societies, Fire Companies, etc., will be published free of charge.

Advertisements not accompanied with directions will be inserted until further notice, and charged accordingly.

All advertisements must be paid for in advance, unless otherwise stated.

This rate will not be varied from.

Advertising bills collectible quarterly.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

233 NOAH NEWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Stationer, Stationery, Lapping's Block, east side of river, Janesville, Wis.

S. P. COLE, M. D.,
Homeopathic and Surgeon, Office at Board's Hotel, Residence, 150 South Second Street, Janesville, Wis.

L. J. BARROWS,
Physician and Surgeon, Office and residence corner of Academy and Wall Streets, Janesville, Wis.

M. B. JOHNSON,
Dentist, Office in Jackson & Smith's block, over the Rock County Bank, Janesville, Wis.

KNOWLTON & JACKSON,
Attorneys at Law, Office in Jackson & Smith's block, over the Rock County Bank, Janesville, Wis.

J. H. WILSON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office over Central Bank, Janesville, Wis.

JOHN M. CASE,
Attorney at Law, Office in Smith's block, west end of the bridge, Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

J. R. MAY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, Office in May's block opposite Myers House, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, Janesville, Wis.

I. O. O. F.,
Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14, in Jackson's block, on Wednesday evening of each week.

WILLARD MERRILL,
Attorney at Law and United States Court Commissioner, Office Lapping's block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

ELDRIDGE & FRANK,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Office in Myers block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

MERRILL & CONSTOCK,
Attorneys at Law, Office in Jackson's block, Janesville, Wisconsin.

WILLARD MERRILL, M. D.,
Homeopathic and Surgeon, Office and residence, Academy St., a few rods northwest Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis.

BANKS & HUDSON,
Attorneys at Law and Justice of the Peace, Janesville, Wis. Office on Main Street, nearly opposite Central Bank, Janesville, Wis.

H. A. PATTERSON,
Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace, Janesville, Wis. Office on Main Street, nearly opposite Central Bank, Janesville, Wis.

BENNETT, CASSADY & GIBBS,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Office, Lapping's block, Janesville, Wis. Will furnish Abstracts of Title and Loan Money.

NEW YORK CASH STORE,
Smith & Bortwick Wholesale and Retail dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Lumber, Cattle and Hides, Hams and Cakes, Potatoes, Ready-made Clothing and every kind of Merchandise at the very lowest cash prices.

The Rochester

BOOT & SHOE STORE!

PREPARE TO TRAVEL.

W. A. REYNOLDS.

No. 4, Jackson & Smith's block,

Next door to the Rock Co. Bank.

Another Large Arrival

Crockery & Glassware

WHEELOCK'S.

JUST received the best stock of White Granite and all kinds of Crockery ever brought to this town.

Also, a large and fine assortment of various kinds of HOUSE KEEPING GOODS.

The best stock of Table Dishware in the west. Plate Ware, Table Cutlery, Tea Trays of all sizes, etc.

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CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS.

From the Agency of C. H. Scriven.

FAIRBANKS

STANDARD

SCALES.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
173 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in Janesville by R. J. RICHARDSON.

Be careful to buy only the Genuine.

Call at the Store of

RICE, CAUL & RICE

HOOP SKIRTS

TO BE FOUND IN

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
173 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in Janesville by R. J. RICHARDSON.

Be careful to buy only the Genuine.

Call at the Store of

YOUNG LADIES, MISSES, AND

CHILDREN'S SKIRTS

to be found in the city.

MORE NEW GOODS!

Better Goods.

Just received at

PORTFOLIOS OF ALL SIZES.

Bankers & Lawyers Cases.

POCKET BOOKS, WALLETTS AND FORTMONTAIES

together with a large variety of choice

Miscellaneous and Toy Books, Etc.

Sutherland's Bookstore is the

PLACE TO GET GOOD AND CHEAP GOODS!

March 4th, 1893.

WALL PAPERS!

A FINEST new variety of spring Wall Papers, on-

handing a large variety of

Beautiful Patterns.

Just received and for sale cheap at

SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

P. S.—Remember that Sutherland has a larger stock

of papers than any other store in the city.

March 4th, 1893.

WALL AND CURTAIN PAPERS.

THE best arrival of the season just received at

SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

Gray Papers, Wall Papers, Stationery, etc.

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GENERAL ORDER No. 1

TO THE PEOPLE OF WISCONSIN.

The best bought, best selected, best assorted and most

extensive stock of

DRY GOODS

ever offered in Janesville, is now open to

PUBLIC INSPECTION

at the

Great Mart of McKee & Bro.

W. F. McKee has the advantage of the recent arrival

of first class imports, who, under the influence of the

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DAILY GAZETTE.

The New York Riot.

From the N. Y. World of Thursday Morning.

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fortunately increased instead of being abated.

The city was in a state of utter anarchy.

Indiscriminate riot, pillage and murder

reigned everywhere, but more especially

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No negro is safe anywhere. Negro houses

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stances they have been burned to the ground.

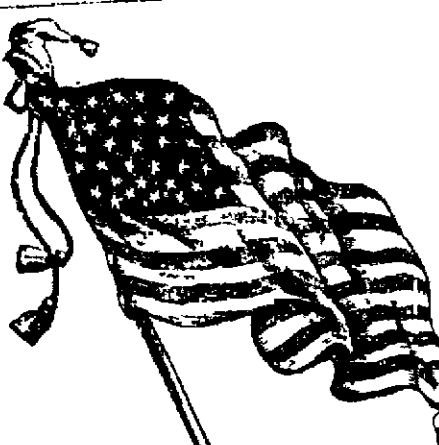
Five hundred rioters were reported there

all day and last night. The military moved

up higher and higher, shooting into the

rioters wherever they found them. Soldiers

and policemen were in many cases injured,



Forever float that standard sheet—
Where breathes the foe but falls before us!
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Republican Union State Convention.

A Republican Union State Convention will be held at the Capitol in the City of Madison, at 12 o'clock M., on Wednesday, the 17th day of August NEXT.

The following resolutions for state officers to be chosen:

1. That the public questions now before the country are those relating to the present war, and the proper method of dealing with the rebellion. There is no reason why those who concur substantially in opinion on these subjects should not now act together politically, whatever may have been their antecedents. We therefore cordially invite all electors to unite in the election of delegates to the state convention above said who approve of the following propositions:

That the Union be preserved in its integrity;
That the constitution and laws of the United States be enforced throughout the whole national domain;
That the rebellion be suppressed, not by compromise with or concessions to traitors, but by the sword, whose agency they have themselves invoked;

That the national administration should be heartily and generously supported, in its efforts to put down the rebellion.

Each section and assembly district will be entitled to two delegates in said state convention.

The central committee recommended to the district committees that the conventions for the election of delegates be held as early as Saturday, the 8th day of August.

Madison, July 5th, 1863.

JOHN P. LEWIS, JOHN COOPER, J. M. HAZELTON, CHAS. ESSLINGER, J. W. STEWART, W. R. SMITH.

State Central Committee.

Gen. Bragg Retreating.

Our dispatches to-day state that Bragg is retreating into Georgia and that Gen. Rosecrans is pursuing. The advance of the latter is reported at Rome, sixty miles south of Chattanooga.

From Charleston.

Charleston is not yet taken. There has been severe fighting on Morris Island. Cumming's Point was carried by our forces and retaken by the enemy. It is said that the walls of Fort Sumter have been breached.

Morgan's Force Hunted.

John Morgan's force of guerrillas have been routed in Southern Ohio, and a thousand of his men and six pieces of artillery have been captured. He is surrounded and cannot escape.

A Singular Letter.

The St. Joseph, Missouri, Herald says that the following letter was received through the mail by Messrs. Libby, Waterman, Cowen & Peck, of Graham, Nodaway county, Missouri:

CAMP IN ANY BRUSH PATCH JUNE 10.

—to waterman, libby, cowen and peck, and all other bad money mongers who have been robbing southern men of their stock and corn; hell will be pay with you before long if you don't go and pay more for our stock and grain than we will.

Left but could not ask of you and your stolen property if it was not for such copperheads as you and your friends in the north we could get along with the abolitionists and be at home on our land with our families in peace as we are tired of alien and of laying in the brush we are whipped and so are nearly all the southern people but you copperheads are keeping the war going and if don't soon stop the most of the southern men will help the abolitionists to clean out the copperheads and then we will have peace it is gotten dark and i am cold and chilly and i must stop your if i will a chance at you

SOUTHERN MEN.

WAS SENT BY PROF. MARSHALL GARDNER'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 17, 1863.

Drafted men become soldiers of the United States by the fact of their names having been drawn in the draft. The notification served on them by the provost marshal is merely announcement of the fact, and an order for them to report for duty at a designated time and place.

The following opinion of Hon. William Whiting, the solicitor of the war department, is published for the information of all concerned:

When a person has been drafted in pursuance of the enrollment act of March 3, 1863, notice of such draft must be served within three days, and thereafter by written or printed notice, to be served on him personally, or by leaving a copy at his place of residence, requiring him to appear at the rendezvous and report for duty.

Any person failing to report for duty after notice being left at his last place of residence or served on him personally, without furnishing a substitute or furnishing \$300, is pronounced by law to be a deserter.

He may be arrested and held for trial by court martial and sentenced to death.

If a person change his place of residence after being drafted and before receiving notice, it may still be served by leaving at his last place of residence, and if he does not appear in accordance with such notice, or furnish a substitute, or pay \$300, he will be in law a deserter, and must be treated as such.

There is no way or manner in which a person once enrolled can escape his public duties, and when drafted, whether present or absent, whether he changes his residence or absconds, the right of the United States against him are secured, and it is only by the performance of his duty to the country that he will escape liability to be treated as a criminal. [Signed]

JAS. B. FRY, Provost Marshal General.

Henry Ward Beecher refuses to preach on political talk in England; he says he did not go out on a political mission, and so far from desiring to influence public opinion in that country concerning America, he don't care anything about it. Bally for Beecher!

Correspondents of the Daily Gazette.

From the Twelfth Battery.

Vicksburg, July 8th, 1863.

Editors Gazette:—We are at last in undisputed possession of Vicksburg, and it is a relief to us to feel that we are safe from the minie balls and shells which have so disturbed our rest for the past two months.

McPherson's army corps is garrisoning the place, most of the troops being distributed throughout the works in the rear of the city. Our camp is on a high hill in a pleasant locality, and I assure you we can enjoy rest after the toils and dangers we have undergone.

The rebel rebel soldiers are running loose within the lines and they mix freely with our men. During the week preceding the surrender they lived almost entirely on mule beef, and in many instances devoured rats and dogs. When we took possession of the works they were in a half famished condition, but our boys liberally divided with them their rations, which the rebels acknowledged was more than they expected. One poor fellow came to our tent and asked for a little coffee for his supper. We gave him about a pound which we happened to have on hand. As he thanked us his eyes filled with tears, and on turning to go he said if he could get to his home he never would fight us again. And that is the general feeling among them all—they are sick of the war.

I presume you have heard by this time of the great loss the battery has met with in the death of Henry Wingate. It must be a severe affliction to his family, but they with us can rejoice in the consolation that "what is our loss is his gain," for if ever there was a true christian Henry was one. His death is keenly felt by us, for we have lost one whose place cannot be filled, for he was always ready to accommodate, and in disposition was cheerful and even tempered, never shirking his duty or flinching from his post in the time of danger. We extend to his family and friends our heartfelt sympathy in this hour of their deep distress.

It is supposed we are to remain here for a while and rest, but probably not more than a month for there is other work to do. Our division is now commanded by General John E. Smith, of Illinois.

W. S. B.

For the Daily Gazette.

Curse of Disloyalty.

"O wad some power the giftie gie us
To see ourselves as others see us!
It wad frae monie a blunder free us,
And foolish notion."

Could the disloyalists of to-day—those of the Vallandigham and Pugh school, for instance, see themselves as others see them,—could they have anything like a tolerable appreciation of the estimation in which they are held by all the true friends of the nation, in this hour of its trial and peril, they would blush for very shame, and would loathe themselves as no self-convicted, self-condemned sinners ever loathed themselves in view of their vile and degraded condition! And could they look along the line of coming years, and be permitted to contemplate the unenviable position to which the impartial historian and the unbiased verdict of future generations will inevitably assign them,—could they realize now a fraction of the abhorrence with which posterity will view their traitorous hearts and lives, they would be constrained, we think, to pray most fervently that the mantle of everlasting forgetfulness might be thrown over them; and that their names and deeds might perish forever from the annals of the world!

It is certainly true that the traitors and disloyalists of our country, to-day, whether north or south, whether armed with weapons of iron and steel, or with serpent tongues of treasonable vituperation and abuse, are making for themselves a history that will be odious to their children and their children's children for ages to come. They are not writing this history, as careless thoughts are sometimes traced, on the shifting sands, to be easily and speedily obliterated; but as "with a pen of iron, and with the point of a diamond," is their shameful record being made up, graven as it were, "in the rock forever." No record of treason of any other age can be darker or more infamous than this. Iscariot of old, who betrayed his Lord with the insulting proffer of a hypocritical kiss, for the paltry consideration of thirty pieces of silver; the traitorous Arnold, of revolutionary memory, who shamefully accepted, as the reward of his perfidy, a sum much larger than that by which Judas was suborned,—and who, in addition to his miserable gratuity of fifty thousand dollars, received from those who despised his treachery a commission as brigadier general in the British army;—we may regard either of these men quite as worthy of a place in the calendar of saints, as Jefferson Davis, his aids, abettors and sympathizers, by whatever names called or wherever found. Indeed, we are almost constrained to believe that the turpitude and perfidy of the Judas Iscariots and Benedict Arnolds of our day are greater than were those high crimes of which their illustrious prototypes were guilty.

The torres of 1776 and the Hartford conventionists of 1814 will be considered patriotic when compared with those who, to-day, are embarrassing the national administration in the prosecution of the war against the rebels. The miscreants and cowards who have skulked away to Canada to avoid a draft, thus manifesting an unwillingness to render any support to the imperiled government under which they had been protected and prospered, will yet rue the day or the night in which they stole away from home under such shameful circumstances. The brand of traitor or coward, or both, will adhere to them as long as they live. And those who have forcibly resisted the legally constituted authorities, who have prowled in thickets or by-places and fired the bullet or the slug at the officers of the law as they passed, inflicting in some instances death wounds—those who have headed or composed devastating and life destroying mobs, because their country is likely to demand one or two of their

number out of fifty to serve as soldiers for a brief season—these men will be branded not only as traitors but as murderers. The curse of Cain will rest upon them.

It becomes those who have been lukewarm and weak-kneed in their patriotism, but who have not been wholly overborne by the polluted tide of disloyalty, to consider their ways and be wise. While there is an opportunity, let them do works meet for repentance, and thus avoid placing their names on the roll of infamy.

L.

BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office in Union Passenger Depot.

Last Night's Report.

CAIRO, July 18.

Special to the Journal.—The hospital steamer R. C. Wood, arrived this morning from Vicksburg, with four hundred sick and a few wounded. She left there a hundred of the latter at Memphis. Two died on her way up, and were put off here for burial.

She brings news from Vicksburg to the 14th, and from Gen. Sherman to the 13th. On Monday Sherman's forces were investing Joe Johnston at Jackson. Our troops were on all sides of the city, except on the east side, along which Pearl river runs. Here Johnston may escape by crossing.

Another report says Johnston is falling back to Columbia, Mississippi.

The former report is the most reliable. One hundred refugees from northern Alabama, came up last night. They go on the Illinois Central to various parts of the state.

MEMPHIS, July 15.

A fleet of twenty-two transports left Vicksburg last Sunday for a point down the Mississippi, supposed to be Natchez.

Gen. Hurlbut's report great excitement and consternation through Central Mississippi, caused by Sherman's movements. Cattle, horses, mules and negroes were being run across the Tombigbee river at every ferry. The latter chafes were endeavoring to make their way into our lines.

Col. Hatch, of the 2d Iowa cavalry, who is in command of a force in pursuit of the rebel bands north of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, encountered Forrest, Buford, and Newman, with 2,000 mounted men. The fight commenced at Ford Deer Creek, near Jackson, Tenn. Hatch gained possession of the bridge after a severe fight, and, charging on the rebels, drove them through Jackson, taking possession of that place. The rebels retreated on the Trenton road, and Hatch is following them up. Hatch lost 13 killed and wounded. The rebel loss 100 killed and wounded, and 60 to 100 taken prisoners. The prisoners, with about 125 good horses and mules, have been brought in.

There is a report of a fight at Helena, yesterday, circulated in town, but it is not believed to be true.

BOSTON, July 18.

The Herald's correspondent gives the following account of the second day's fighting on Morris Island:

On the morning of the 11th the 6th Connecticut and 9th Maine regiments made a furious attack upon the Cumming's Point battery, got possession of it, and hoisted the American flag at daylight. Fort Sumter opened upon them, when a Pennsylvania regiment cowardly deserted them, refusing to stand by their comrades. The other regiments held the battery until they were badly up and then abandoned it, and the rebels again took possession of it. These two regiments have shown themselves heroes in this campaign. At ten o'clock a. m. the monitors proceeded to attack Cumming's Point battery, and at 12 o'clock three of the wooden gunboats opened on the battery at long range, and threw their 200-pound shot directly into the works.

Fort Sumter has been growing shells into Morris Island, without doing any damage to our side.

The cannonading ceased at 4 p. m. The monitors have been supplied with fresh crews from the different ships.

The iron-clad Montauk has just arrived from Port Royal. She is over the bar, making, with the gunboats, 14 vessels in front of Morris Island and Sumter. We shall recommence the attack to-morrow morning, when we are sure of silencing the Cumming's Point battery and Fort Johnson. Everything is working well. The ball has opened in earnest. The Memphis has just brought in a rebel sidewheel steamer, loaded with cotton, captured while trying to run out at Ball's Bay last night.

P. S.—Our troops have their battery done in two days more, and then they can shell Sumter.

New York, July 18.

Advices by the Fulton, state that the result of Gilmore's operations, up to the morning of the 14th, are: He has possession of all the batteries on Morris Island, save Fort Wagner. It is reported that our iron-clads had made a breach on the south wall of Sumter.

On the 13th, 113 wounded rebels were brought into Folly Island, many of them stating that they were forced into the rebel service. They are Germans, and will be sent north. Other advices by the Fulton are merely corroborative of the Boston Herald reporter's account.

CINCINNATI, July 19.

Special to Chicago Tribune.—I have good news from Morgan. We have taken over 1,000 prisoners. Of his artillery, and killed 150. Our loss is seven or eight.

I obtain the following from headquarters: Morgan's forces were at Chester last night surrounded by our troops. This morning they broke up and scattered one party of 150, who made for the river and attempted to cross at Buffington where they were forced into the river by the gunboats and all were drowned.

Another force came down to the river to attempt to cross with their artillery, when they were attacked by our cavalry and whipped. Some were killed, and we captured all their pieces, six in number, and took a number of prisoners.

We lost seven or eight in the skirmish. Another party of 575, under Col. Dick Morgan, the brother of John, were captured by Johnson, and still another party of 275 by Hobson's cavalry, near Chester ford.

We have taken three of their colonels, Dick Morgan, Ward and Griggs. The rebel force is broken up and scattered in the hills in the direction of Colquhoun. These parties cannot escape, and they will all be captured.

Major Brown, of the 10th Kentucky cavalry, arrived here yesterday, with one hundred prisoners, captured by his battalion near Abingdon, Virginia. He came on the party suddenly and was surrounded, when he fought his way out, killing thirty and taking the balance prisoners.

HEAVY DAMAGES.—The Hudson Gazette states that the Harlem railroad company has paid to Henry B. Silvernail, of Anearan, the judgment of \$30,000 rendered in a suit brought against the company to recover damages for injuries received by the plaintiff while riding in their cars a year ago last winter.

From the New York Tribune, July 1.

The Monitor Torpedo.

Our notice of the Atlanta torpedo has brought out some very interesting information relating to the Monitor torpedo. These machines, we find, are very different things from the rebel powder bag with its thirty foot pole. The Monitor torpedo consists of a monster shell, thirty feet long, weighing upwards of 6,000 pounds, with a charge of 700 pounds of powder. By means of a raft—the "Devil"—these shells are pushed some fifty feet ahead of the Monitor, suspended at any desirable depth.

We shall know in good time how the rebels succeed in obstructing the passage of the Monitors when armed with these terrible shells, the explosion of which will resemble an earthquake under water. It appears that the naval officers were afraid of employing the potent means placed at their disposal for clearing the Charleston harbor of obstructions for fear the explosion of the shells would act backward on their vessel. As might be supposed, the constructor has guarded against such an occurrence.

The secretary of the navy, with a view of removing all doubts on this point, ordered a trial to be made last winter with one of the rafts, the very "devil" afterwards towed to Port Royal. The trial proved eminently satisfactory, for although the explosion of the shell pushed up a mountain of water fifty feet high above the surface of the Hudson, near the head of the raft, not the slightest injury was sustained by the latter. The perfect preservation of slender piece of wood attached to the effect of the explosion was a point designed, in the forward action only. This singular feature of the Monitor torpedo do we are not at liberty to describe. What we have stated on the subject can do no harm, as it is known at Richmond as well as at Washington. So also is the fact that a couple of shiploads of these underwater pioneers are now at hand where their good services are most needed. We therefore acquit Mr. Welles on the charge of want of enterprise as regards the torpedoes. But it is not time to order Admiral Dahlgren to put steam up on the Monitor, and push the torpedoes past Sumter up against those rebel obstructions?

ONE OF JEFF. DAVIS' CHILDREN IN WISCONSIN.—The Oshkosh (Wis.) Northwestern says: "We have been informed, on reliable authority, that there is a child of Jefferson Davis, the president of the so-called southern confederacy, being educated among the Shawnee Indians, at their settlement in Shawnee county. Davis, it is well known, was stationed at Fort Winnebago, some years ago, and there formed the acquaintance of the mother of the child, a Menomonee squaw." What are the opportunities of this state about? Have the admirers of Jeff. Davis heart? Why not collect that subscription, by a pleasant fiction supposed to have been donated to sick and wounded soldiers, by the copperhead convention of Illinois, and apply it at once to the rescue of this child of Jeff. Davis? It would be a stunning card at copperhead meetings, and might be credited as an arbitrary exile, caused by President Lincoln, or a violation of the constitution. By all means, have this young half breed brought down here and installed in the rooms of the Inevitable Club, or send it down to Richmond as an olive branch.

THE FRENCH IN MEXICO.—The latest dates from Mexico are of the 1st inst.—Gen. Forey, commander of the French forces—in addition to the decree of the 11th ult., prohibiting the use of printing presses until they should be placed under French censorship, and the publication of any book or pamphlet—had issued a proclamation to the Mexican nation, wherein he said, among other things, that he offered to Mexico the co-operation of France in aiding to establish a government of its own choice. "Those who would not pay down their arms (referring to Juarez) he would pursue wherever they might hide themselves. Juarez, on the other hand, had decreed that all persons who unite with Forey should be declared traitors. Forey had also issued a decree establishing a committee of government, consisting of fifty-five members, at the head of which is Almonte. Reinforcements for the French had arrived at Vera Cruz.

ARRIVAL OF THE SMALLEST CRAFT THAT EVER CROSSED THE ATLANTIC.—On Thursday afternoon the sloop Skjoldmoen, commanded by Capt. C. Wengberg, arrived from Bergen, Norway, which vessel she left on the 12th of April, arriving in Quebec on the 12th of July, and reaching Chicago on the afternoon of the 16th of July, occupying 91 days. She had a very rough, stormy voyage, but made good sailing time under the circumstances. This sloop is the smallest vessel that ever crossed the Atlantic, being 55 tons burthen, while that in which Columbus visited this continent was upwards of 60 tons. The Skjoldmoen is owned by T. Svano, of Bergen, father of the senior member of the firm of Svano & Synnæfstad, 117 Knize street, to whom her cargo of herring, stockfish, anchovies, codfish, and liver oil, and Spanish sail, was consigned.

This remarkable vessel will clear this port for Bergen sometime next week, loading back with pork, flour, and tobacco.

The Steiuner has made two successful trips to Chicago, and the Skjoldmoen, one of their ordinary trading vessels, now succeeds in crossing the Atlantic. We shall expect at no distant day to see a trade between Norway and Chicago opened up on an extensive scale.—Chicago Tribune.

THE TIME OF THE CONSPIRACY.—"We are coming, Father Abraham, three hundred dollars more."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—Take up in the city of Janesville on the 1st day of July, 1863, for the purpose of selling, I have decided to do so, and having graduated in one of the best Medical Colleges in New York, and having been a member of the same for more than half of which has been in the West, I am prepared to treat successfully all diseases of the human system.

N. B. Particular attention given to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Office at the Central Drug Store, 125 N. 2nd St., Janesville, Wis., July 20th, 1863.

E. RIDER, M. D.

REMEMBER THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE.

JUST ARRIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, ALSO, EXTRACTS FOR FLAVORING. Lemon and Sassafras.

SYRUPS.

French Chocolate, and, last but not least, H. Mullin's WIZARD OIL.

July 20th. [Sigs] E. RIDER.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

HAVING been repeatedly solicited by many of my old friends and patients to resume the practice of medicine, I have decided to do so, and having graduated in one of the best Medical Colleges in New York, and having been a member of the same for more than half of which has been in the West, I am prepared to treat successfully all diseases of the human system.

N. B. Particular attention given to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Office at the Central Drug Store, 125 N. 2nd St., Janesville, Wis., July 20th, 1863.

E. RIDER, M. D.

Runaway

FROM the city of Janesville, on the 5th day of June, my old friend and patient, to resume the practice of medicine, I have decided to do so, and having graduated in one of the best Medical Colleges in New York, and having been a member of the same for more than half of which has been in the West, I am prepared to treat successfully all diseases of the human system.

N. B. Particular attention given to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Office at the Central Drug Store, 125 N. 2nd St., Janesville, Wis., July 20th, 1863.

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E. RIDER, M. D.

To-Day's Report.

[Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.]

MORNING DISPATCHES.

New York, July 20.

A New Orleans letter says it is rumored that Admiral Porter will assume command of the Mississippi river, and Admiral Far-

nagut will go outside and commence operations in another quarter against the ene-

my.

The Herald's Vicksburg letter, dated 5 p. m., July 11, says that Gen. Pemberton's paroled army marched out of our lines this forenoon. Only a few stragglers are now in the city. Our forces under Gen. Sherman occupied Jackson yesterday, and our advance guard is beyond Pearl river.—Johnston has retreated beyond the river which is next in line east of Pearl river.

WASHINGTON, July 19.

The rebel army has not made as rapid progress toward Culpepper as has been generally supposed. There is good reason for stating that the bulk of Lee's army is still in the vicinity of Winchester. There was also a large rebel force at Bunker Hill, which is between Winchester and Martinsburg, yesterday. It would be improper to state where Gen. Meade's army is, but there is good ground to hope that they may yet complete the destruction of the remains of the rebel army.

New York, July 20.

Three thousand troops garrison the 7th avenue arsenal. Two steamboats heavily armed and manned cruise up and down the Hudson river as far as the northern boundary of Westchester county, in consequence of threats to burn the town. All has been quiet however. Westchester county is part of the metropolitan police district.

New York, July 20.

Yesterday was a quiet Sunday. The various wars the slightest symptom of disorder. Thousands of people visited the scene of the late conflict, and the conversation of the military did not make their appearance at all in the vicinity of the disturbance, and the police patrolled their beats pretty much as formerly, up to this morning everything was in a state of profound tranquility from the Battery to Harlem. A sufficient force of the national guard of the state having arrived in the city to enable civil authorities to maintain the public peace and enforce order.

Gen. Hurlbut, in chief of the state forces, directed that the several citizen volunteer organizations, formed for the emergency, be relieved from further duty. Gen. Wool was relieved Saturday by Gen. Dix. Official orders published this morning, state that drafting will not begin until the exact quota of the city is definitely determined and publicly announced, by which time the government will be prepared to execute it; possibly a week may elapse before the draft commences.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

MEMPHIS, July 17.

From Col. Hatch, who commanded the expedition, I learn that in the fight at Jackson, Tennessee, the rebel loss was 178, killed, wounded and prisoners. Four captains were killed, and 1 wounded; 2 scouts killed and 2 wounded; 400 conscripts reclaimed; 300 stand of arms and 100 head of horses were taken. Our loss is 30 killed and wounded. Of the side expeditions supporting this column, one captured 11 of Richardson's men and 19 horses, and a number of stands of arms. Another took 35 prisoners and 125 horses, and lost 12 in killed and wounded. Another surrounded Capt. Horton's men, capturing Capt. Horton and 8 men.

Gen. Hurlbut's scouts, who arrived at Corinth to-day from Decatur and Jacksonville, report Bragg retreating into Georgia precipitately, followed by Rosecrans' forces. Rosecrans' advance is reported to be at Rome. They report that Bragg is endeavoring to make a junction with Johnston, and that deserters from his army are numerous.

WASHINGTON, July 19.

Special to the Times.—The only signs of rebels in our immediate front is a party of 400 of Mosley's guerrillas, who are pursuing their usual avocation of horse-stealing in the vicinity of Occoquan Creek. Last night a band of guerrillas came within two miles of Fort Allen, near Chain Bridge, and stole 20 horses. They will be bagged by our cavalry.

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.

The Enquirer has a dispatch from Hagerstown, 10th, stating that the rear guard of Lee's army left Martinsburg Saturday, a. m. Our whole force is across the river. The Potomac is falling rapidly. Lee is retreating his main force by Strasburg and Staunton, not by Culpepper.

NEW YORK, July 20.

Flour dull and drooping, at 43c.50, 10 for extra state. Wheat heavy, 1c lower, at 1.05, 1.10 for Chicago spring; 1.11, 1.12, 1.13, 1.14, 1.15, 1.16, 1.17, 1.18, 1.19, 1.20, 1.21, 1.22, 1.23, 1.24, 1.25, 1.26, 1.27, 1.28, 1.29, 1.30, 1.31, 1.32, 1.33, 1.34, 1.35, 1.36, 1

Milwaukee & Prairie du C. Railway.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For Prairie du C. at 12:30 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 12:30 P.M.
" Monroe at 12:30 P.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Madison at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

Chicago & Northwestern Railway.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For Chicago at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From Chicago at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

Michigan Central Railroad.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For Detroit at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From Detroit at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

Illinois Central Railroad.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For Chicago at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From Chicago at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

NEW YORK & ERIE RAILROAD.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For New York at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From New York at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

UNITED STATES MAIL.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For St. Louis at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From St. Louis at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

THE MONTREAL MAIL.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For Montreal at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From Montreal at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

Great Western Railway Company.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For St. Louis at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From St. Louis at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Line.
Train Arrangements.
Trains leave for Janesville as follows:
For Chicago at 7:00 A.M.
" Milwaukee at 7:00 A.M.
" Monroe at 7:00 A.M.
Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:
From Chicago at 1:15 P.M.
" Milwaukee at 1:15 P.M.
" Monroe at 1:15 P.M.
W. B. STRONG, Agent.

DAILY GAZETTE
Job Office.
LAPPIN'S BLOCK.
Main Street, Janesville.
The proprietors of this establishment have recently added a large variety of new styles of

Best Printing Offices in the West
We have, constantly in running order,
TWO LARGE STEAM PRESSES
Together with a
BUGGLES JOBBER.
Cards, Circulars, Bill-Heads, &c.

LOWEST LIVING PRICES.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
Particular attention will be paid to people from the country, and adjoining towns, who come into the city for the morning and evening papers, and to the general run of work turned out at this office will bear comparison with anything done in this state.

Test the Matter
At this establishment, and be pleasantly mistaken in finding a first class Job Printing Office, doing the best and cheapest work, at their very doors.
Call and see Specimens, and get our Prices.

VERY BEST OF PRINTING
Consisting in part of
BOOKS, CATALOGUES, ADVERTISEMENTS, HAND BILLS, FLY SHEETS, PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, TICKETS, LABELS, WEDDING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, NOTES OF HAND, RECEIPTS, TICKETS, BLANKS, LETTER HEADS, CIRCULARS, NOTICES, &c., &c.

PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.
We have in our employ a foreman whose good taste and accuracy is not excelled anywhere, or equalled by any other.

Work and our Facilities for executing it.
In the fullest confidence that they will be

Spring Arrangements.
CHANGE OF TIME.
VIA GRAND HAVEN ROUTE.
New and Favorite Express, U. S. Mail, Passenger and Freight Line.
Lowest Rates and Quickest Time.

WHITE DENT CORN!
60,000 bushels Wanted.
I will give five cents above the market price of yellow corn for pure white dent corn, delivered at my mill, on the 1st of May. J. H. HENDERSON.

SINGER & CO.'S STANDARD MACHINES
Well known to be the best for Manufacturing Purposes:
No. 1, Standard Shuttle Machine, formerly sold at \$90, Reduced to \$70.
No. 2, Standard Shuttle Machine, formerly sold at \$100, Reduced to \$70.

Singer's Letter A Machine.
It is the best Machine in the world for Family Sewing and Light Manufacturing purposes. Price, (with Hemmer), and beautifully crumpled, FIFTY DOLLARS.

LEATHER WORK.
In Overlaid Trimming, Boot and Shoe Making, Harness Making, etc., etc. There is scarcely any part of a Trimmer's outfit that cannot be better done with these machines than with the hand. The leather work is long and the shuttle will hold six times the usual quantity of thread. The large machine will do as small ones.

GENUINE ARTICLES.
In case of small purchases, the money may be sent by post office or bank note.
Correspondents will please write their names distinctly. It is important that we should in each case know the post office, county and state.

Local Agents Wanted.
I. M. SINGER & CO.,
408 Broadway, New York.
Chicago Office, 90 Clark Street.
Milwaukee Office, 17 Reckhow House.

COCA NUT OIL, Hair Oil.
Coca Nut Oil, Hair Oil.
Coca Nut Oil, Hair Oil.

Bathing Sponges, Bathing Towels.
Bathing Sponges, Bathing Towels.
Bathing Sponges, Bathing Towels.

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, & Dye Stuffs.
Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, & Dye Stuffs.
Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, & Dye Stuffs.

GOLD WANTED.
We will pay the highest market price at all times, for any amount of Gold, delivered at our store.
JANESVILLE, MARCH 10th, 1863.
J. H. HENDERSON.

New Woolen Factory
F. A. WHEELER & SONS.
This splendid establishment, situated on Main St. in the heart of the city, is now in successful operation. It is the best of the kind in the West, and is the only one of the kind in the city of Janesville.

Two and a half Pounds of Wool.
12 1/2 lbs. of wool and three shillings for manufacturing. Also, all kinds of

FLANNELS AT THE SAME RATES.
According to the amount of wool required to make them.

Wool Carding and Cloth Dressing.
Done on Short Notice.

10,000 Evergreens!
Fifty Cents Each.

GET INSURED.
EASTERN STOCK COMPANIES.

COCA NUT OIL, Hair Oil.
Coca Nut Oil, Hair Oil.
Coca Nut Oil, Hair Oil.

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, & Dye Stuffs.
Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, & Dye Stuffs.
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GOLD WANTED.
We will pay the highest market price at all times, for any amount of Gold, delivered at our store.
JANESVILLE, MARCH 10th, 1863.
J. H. HENDERSON.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ROCK COUNTY, SS.
To all whom these presents shall come, I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original of the same, as the same appears from the records of the County of Rock, in the City of Janesville, in the County of Rock, in the State of Wisconsin.

WILLIAM H. BARNES, Sheriff of Rock County.
In pursuance and by virtue of the judgment of the Circuit Court of the County of Rock, in the case of the People of the County of Rock, against the People of the County of Rock, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the original of the same, as the same appears from the records of the County of Rock, in the City of Janesville, in the County of Rock, in the State of Wisconsin.

THE 24th DAY OF APRIL, 1863.
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CONTROLLED and operated by the Roads
the line.
Chicago Freight and Ticket office, corner of Le
Dearborn street, Chicago.
Mark Packages "Via Suspension Bridge."
Chicago, and the most are requested to call at
the Company's Freight and Ticket offices for bills of
Lading, tickets, etc.
P. M. Beach, agent, 218 Broadway, New York City.
Kimball Hall, 31 State st., Boston. "Fallers 3rd class."
general agent, Buffalo; A. McMillin, agent, St. Paul and
bridge; W. J. Spicer, agent, Detroit.
Western Agent, J. W. GORDON, Chicago and
March 14th, 1881. mer14d1

Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Line.
ONLY route from St. Louis, Bloomington, Springfield,
and other cities without change of cars; also, direct con-
nection for Peoria, Decatur, Jacksonville and Quincy.
Two passenger trains leave Chicago daily at
Morning Express, at 6:25 A. M.
Express freight, at 8:00 P. M.
B. B. MASON, Sup't.
WARREN, Gen. Freight Agent. mar14d1

Will give any kind of advice and
advise you for pure white dent corn, delivered at my
mill in Monticory. **W. B. ASBERT** and bring in your corn.
myidw-wt-1 **WM. HENDERSON.**

TIN!! TIN!! TIN!!!
IT IS A FACT THAT
W. G. EARING
Keophs the best assortment of
Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Ware
in the City of Janesville, and is selling it too at prices
to correspond with the times.

MILK PANS
at reduced prices, for cash. A full stock of
Cooking and Frying Stoves
PUMPS, LEAD PIPE, &C.,
SAVE TROUBLES AND CONDUCTOR
ROOFING AND JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER.
Store on Triangle, east of the Hyatt House.
myidw-wt-1

YOU are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the county of Jackson in said county, on the seventh day of May, 1883, and a copy of which is herewith served on you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the undersigned, at your nearest place of abode, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of the service of this summons on you, and to appear at the hearing thereon, and to defend the plaintiff in this complaint with the aid of the court for the plaintiff in this complaint with the aid of the court for the plaintiff in this complaint.

RETURNED TO THE COURT FOR THE PLAINTIFF IN THIS COMPLAINT—DATED May 25th, 1883.

ELIZABETH A. WARE,
Plaintiff.
J. H. KEATNEY, Attorney, Janaville, Wis.
(REV. KEATNEY STAMP, 50 CTS) j01847w

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS

of distinguished Genesee, Statesmen and other celebrities of the West. The first what is wanted to fill all the vacant places in your Albums at May 20th, 1883. (my0041) MORLEY&S.

& COLLINS.
Sachelor's Oriental Hair Tonic.
Sachelor's Oriental Hair Tonic.
 Empire Drug Store.
 Jeddawf TALLMAN & COLLINS.
Drugs, Chemicals,
Patent Medicines, & Dye Stuffs,
 a large stock and well bought, at
 TALLMAN & COLLINS,
 Jeddawf, Drugists.
GOLD WANTED.
 WE will pay the highest market prices at all times,
 for any amount of Gold, delivered at our store,
 SMITH & BOWSWORTH,
 Jansenville, March 28, 1863.
 Jeddawf
Instructions for Field Artillery!
 10023417 O. J. DEARBORN

front door of the post office, in the city of Janesville, Rock county, Wisconsin.

SEE 31st DAY OF MARCH, 1883.

Whereas, on that day, the following described and designated premises, to-wit: all those tracts or parcels of land situate and being in the city of Beloit, county of Rock and State of Wisconsin, and known and described as follows, to-wit: lot No three (3) and the southeast corner of lot No four (4) in block twenty six (26), in the (formerly village) of Beloit, according to Hopkins' survey of the same.—Bated Deed No 745, 18362.

THOMAS G. WHEATMAN, Clerk of the Court.
Plaintiff's Attorney. 4637435

Great Decline in Gold and Silver.

We pay the highest price for the state for gold and silver coins, also, domestic produce.

MONEY & BRO.
JANESVILLE, March 75th, 1883. "m74357"

WARRANTEE DEEDS FOR SALE.

purchases and by virtue of the judgment of fore-
 closure and sale rendered in the above entitled ac-
 tion on the 24th day of April, 1883, in favor of the
 named plaintiff and against the above named
 defendant, I will offer for sale and sell subject to
 the highest bidder, on the steps in front of the
 House, on Main street, in the city of Jansville,
 on said Kook county, on

THE SIX DAY OF AUGUST, 1883,

a bear of skin, clock in the forenoon, of that day,
 the hour of day designated mortgagee premises, to wit:
 one hundred and thirty and six-tenths (136) to Smith
 & Stone's addition to Jansville, as per recorded
 plat of said Kook county—dated April 1883.

T. T. FEMUR, Sheriff of Kook County.
 W. PARKER, Fil's Attorney. mydada

Import French Embroideries.
 Imported from Paris, and for sale very
 cheap at

MULLIN & BROS.

Wall Papers,
 "Bearing some styles over before exhibited
 at Jacksonville, just received at
SUTHERLAND'S PAPER STORE.

New Books.
 BASSALL'S DIARY, NORTH AND SOUTH.
 MONTHLY PINKETTS, (continued)
 BURTON PUNNACE.
 LUBRON O. KEIR-PAPERS, Vol. 2
 NATIONAL ALMANAC.
 HISTORY OF NICHOLAS BUREAU, (Kilman)
 REPORTS JOURNAL by Bayard Taylor.
 ANDERSON AND SEABURN, for sale by
 J. M. HOSLEY & BROTHERS.

A Magnificent Lot of
PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS,
 received and for sale cheaper than ever be-
 fore at
SUTHERLAND'S.